

## DOON UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN

## Mid Semester Examination, Second Semester, 2015-16 School of Physical Sciences

## Generic Elective test paper of 5 Year (Integrated) MSc Program Course: PHG-151: Electricity and Magnetism (Elective)

Time	Allowed: 2Hours Maximum Marks: 30
Note: Attempt All Questions from Sections A, B, C.	
SECT	TION: A (Marks: 1 X 6 = 6)
1.	
	(a) $2\pi ka^3$ (b) $\frac{2\pi ka^3}{3}$ (c) $\frac{3\pi ka^3}{2}$ (d) $\pi ka^3$
2.	If two conductors carry steady current in opposite direction these will
	(a) Attract each other (b) Repel each other
	(c) There is no force between then (d) None of the above
3.	The ratio of the intensity of the magnetic field at the centre of a very long solenoid to that at the extreme ends is
	(a) 2 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) 4
4.	A dipole consists of two charges +q and -q separated by a distance d. Draw the electric lines of force due to dipole.
5.	The electric field at a point inside a charged hollow spherical conductor is
6.	An ebonite rod rubbed with fur is brought near a glass rod rubbed with silk, then (a) two will attract each other (b) repel each other (c) none of the above
SECT	TION: B $(Marks: 3 X 4 = 12)$
7.	Obtain an expression for the magnetic field along the axis at $z$ distance from the centre of circular coil carrying current $I$ .
8.	State and prove integral and differential form of the Ampere's circuital law i.e.,
	$ \oint B. dl = \mu_0 I \text{ and } \nabla \times B = \mu_0 J $
9.	What do you understand by gradient of a scalar function? Establish the relation $E=-\nabla V$ .
10	. Find the potential difference between the centre and the corner B of a square, if on the other three corners A, C, D charges -7, +2, +3 $\mu$ C, respectively are placed. Given the length of each side of a square is 3m.
SEC	CTION: C (Marks: $6 \times 2 = 12$ )
11	. State the Biot-Savart law? Apply it to determine the magnetic field (a) due to a wire
	of finite length carrying current I, (b) due to a long straight wire carrying current I.
	Find the force on a square loop placed as shown Fig. 1 near an infinite straight wire.
	Both the loop and the wire carry a steady current <i>I</i> .

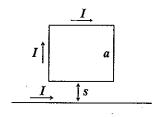


Figure 1

- 12. (a) What is an electric dipole? Obtain an expression for the potential at any point due to dipole.
  - (b) Calculate the potential due to a dipole moment 4.5x10<sup>-10</sup>C/m at a distance 1 meter from it, on its axis.
  - (c) If the electric field is given by  $\overrightarrow{E} = 10x+9y+4z$ , calculate the electric flux through a surface of area 50 units lying in x-y plane.