

Doon University, Dehradun Mid Semester, 2016 School of Social Sciences MSc Semester – II (Economics)

Course – SSE - 152

Mathematical Methods in Economics

Time Allowed: 2hrs

Maximum Marks: 30

Section - A

Marks: 2x3 = 6

Attempt all questions

2. Find X and Y if

$$\begin{pmatrix} X+3Y & 1 \\ 0 & 2X+8Y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Find the rank of the matrix

Section - B

Marks: 4x3 = 12

Attempt all questions

1. Prove that
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$$

2. Consider the following national Income model:

$$Y = C + I + G$$

$$C = a + b(Y-T)$$

$$T = d + tY$$

Where Y = National Income, C = Consumption Expenditure, T = Tax Collection, t = Income Tax Rate.

Write down the above system of equations in the matrix form and solve for endogenous variables Y, C and T.

3. Integrate the following function w.r.t x

$$X^{6/5} + X^{1/2} + 1/X^{1/2} + 1/X^{3/2}$$

Section - C

Marks: 6x2 = 12

Attempt any two questions

1. Find the solutions of the following equations by means of an inverse matrix

$$X - 2Y + 3Z = 4$$

$$2X + Y - 3Z = 5$$

$$-X + Y + 2Z = 3$$

2. A truck company owns three types of trucks X, Y and Z which are equipped to carry three different types of machines per load as shown below

	Type X	Type Y	Type Z
	<u> </u>	3	4
Machine I		1	2
Machine II	<u> </u>	2	1
Machine III	3		

How many trucks of each type should be used to carry exactly 29 of Type I machines, 13 of Type II machines, and 16 of type III machines?

(Assume that each truck is fully loaded

Solve the linear equations using Crammer's Rule)

3. Show that the matrix

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Satisfies the equation $X^2 - 5X - 5I = 0$

Where I is the unit matrix of order 3 and hence find X1