



16/12/17

**DOON UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**  
**End Semester Examination, Odd Semester, 2017-18**  
**Department of Mathematics, School of Physical Sciences**

**Class: M.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Semester: I**

**Course: Numerical Analysis**  
**Course Code: MAC-404**

*Time Allowed: 3Hours*

*Maximum Marks: 60*

**Note:** Attempt all Four questions in Section A. Each question carries 4 marks.

Attempt any Four questions in Section B. Each question carries 5 marks.

Attempt any Three questions in Section C. Each question carries 8 marks.

**SECTION: A**

**(Very Short Answer Type Questions)**

*(Marks: 4X4=16)*

- Define the following terms:
  - Zero stability and root condition for a linear multi-step method
  - Order of Convergence of a method to find root of the equation  $f(x) = 0$
  - Nonlinear boundary value problem of second order with Dirichlet and non-Dirichlet boundary condition.
  - Quadratic Spline
- Derive the formula for Newton Raphson method. Hence, find the root of the equation  $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$  correct to five decimal places in the interval (1, 3).
- Use the numbers  $x_0 = 2$ ,  $x_1 = 2.75$ , and  $x_2 = 4$  to find the second Lagrange interpolating polynomial for  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . Hence find the value of  $f(3.25)$  using interpolating polynomial.
- Solve by Taylor's series method the equation  $y' = \log(xy)$  for  $y(1.1)$  and  $y(1.2)$  given that  $y(1) = 2$ .

**SECTION: B**

**(Short Answer Type Questions)**

*(Marks: 4X5=20)*

- Obtain the piecewise cubic interpolating polynomial for the function  $f(x)$  defined by the given data. Also interpolate it at  $x = 0$  and  $x = 3$ .

$x$	-4	-3	-1	1	2	4	5
$f(x)$	-108	-255	-303	-303	-300	-108	225

- Fit the following four points by the cubic splines:

$x$	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	1	5	11	8

Use the end conditions  $f'''(1) = f'''(4) = 0$ . Hence find an estimate of  $f(1.5)$ .

- Given  $y' = y \cos x$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ . Compute  $y(0.2)$  and  $y(0.4)$  with  $h = 0.2$  using Improved Euler's method.

8. Derive Milne's Predictor corrector formula to find approximate solution of an initial value problem.
9. Solve the following boundary-value problem using finite difference method.
- $$y'' = (2 + 4x^2)y, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y(1) = e$$

SECTION: C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

(Marks: 3X8=24)

10. Derive formula for Hermite interpolating polynomial  $p(x)$  for the function  $f(x)$  with interpolating conditions  $p(x_i) = f(x_i)$  and  $p'(x_i) = f'(x_i)$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \dots, n$ . Hence, find the value of  $f(0.5)$  from the following data:

$x$	-1	0	1
$f(x)$	1	1	3
$f'(x)$	-5	1	7

11. Using Runge-Kutta method of order four, calculate  $y(0.1), y(0.2), y(0.3), y(0.4)$  given that  $y' = x - y^2$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ . Taking these values as starting values, find  $y(0.5)$  correct to three decimal places using Adams-Bashforth and Adams-Moulton methods as predictor-corrector respectively.
12. Use Newton's method with  $x^{(0)} = 0$  to compute  $x^{(3)}$  for the following nonlinear system.

$$5x_1^2 - x_2^2 = 0$$

$$x_2 - 0.25(\sin x_1 + \cos x_2) = 0.$$

13. Find the interval of absolute stability for the two-step implicit method

$$y_{n+1} = 3y_n - 2y_{n-1} + \frac{h}{12} [13f_{n+1} - 20f_n - 5f_{n-1}]$$
 using

(a) Schur's criterion

(b) Routh-Hurwitz criterion.