

12/12/16



DOON UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN  
End Semester Examination, Third Semester, 2016  
School of Physical Sciences  
Integrated M.Sc.(Mathematics)  
Course: MAC-106: Group Theory

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

*Note:*

1. Attempt All Questions from Sections A.
2. Attempt Any seven Questions from Sections B.
3. Attempt Any three Questions from Sections C.

SECTION: A

(13 × 1 = 13 Marks)

1. The number of generator of a finite cyclic group of order 8 is .....
2. According to Fermat's theorem: If  $p$  is prime and  $a$  is any integer, then .....
3. The product of an odd permutation and an even permutation is an ..... permutation.
4. If  $H = \{I, (1, 2)\}$  and  $K = \{I, (13)\}$  are two subgroups of a group  $G = S_3$ , then  $HK$  is ..... of  $G = S_3$ .
5. A group  $G$  of order  $2p$ , where  $p$  is prime and  $p > 2$  has exactly ..... subgroups of order  $p$ .
6. A subgroup  $N$  of a group  $G$  is said to be a normal subgroup of  $G$  if ..... for each  $g \in G$  and  $n \in N$ .
7. Let  $G$  and  $G'$  be two groups under multiplication. If  $f : G \rightarrow G'$  be a homomorphism, then  $f$  is one-one iff ....
8. The number of generators of an infinite cyclic group is .....
9. A finite cyclic group of order  $n$  is isomorphic to ....
10. If a group  $G$  has no non-trivial subgroups, then  $G$  must be finite group of .... order.
11. If  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$  and  $N$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$  then what about the  $H \cap N$  and  $H$ ?
12. If a mapping  $f : (C, +) \rightarrow (R, +)$  defined by  $f(x + iy) = x$  is a homomorphism. Then the kernel of  $f$  is .....
13. A permutation  $\sigma = (123)(45)(16789)(15)$  is ..... permutation.

SECTION: B

(7 × 6 = 42 Marks)

1. Show that the centre of a group is a normal subgroup of that group.
2. Define kernel of a homomorphism and show that if  $f : G \rightarrow G'$  is a homomorphism then kernel of  $f$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ .
3. If  $H$  and  $K$  are two subgroups of a group  $G$ , show that  $H \cup K$  is a subgroup of group of  $G$  iff either  $H \subset K$  or  $K \subset H$ .
4. If  $Z$  is the centre of a group  $G$  such that  $\frac{G}{Z}$  is cyclic, then show that  $G$  is abelian.
5. If  $G$  is a group of order 35. Show that it cannot have two subgroups of order 7.
6. If  $A_3$  be the subgroup of group  $S_3$  consisting of all even permutations show that  $A_3$  is normal subgroup of  $S_3$ , and order of  $A_3$  is half of the order of  $S_3$ .
7. Prove that any two right cosets of  $H$  in  $G$  are either identical or disjoint,  $H$  being a subgroup of  $G$ .
8. If  $G = \langle a \rangle$  be a finite cyclic group of order  $n$ , then show that  $a^m$  is a generator of  $G$  iff  $0 < m < n$  and  $(m, n) = 1$ .

SECTION: C

(15 × 3 = 45 Marks)

1. Define Quotient groups and show that if  $G$  is abelian group and  $N$  is normal subgroup of  $G$  then  $\frac{G}{N}$  is abelian, however the converse need not be true.
2. State and prove Cayley's theorem.
3. State and prove of the Fundamental theorem of homomorphism.
4. Show that the set  $A_n$  of all even permutations of  $S_n$  is a normal subgroup of  $S_n$  and  $o(A_n) = \frac{n!}{2}$ .